

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK  
COUNTY OF ERIE

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RICHARD LAPORTA,

Plaintiff,

v.

**SUMMONS**

Index No. \_\_\_\_\_

THE DIOCESE OF BUFFALO, N.Y.  
A/K/A DIOCESE OF BUFFALO  
795 MAIN STREET  
BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14203,

CARDINAL DOHERTY HIGH SCHOOL  
665 HERTEL AVENUE  
BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14207,

CONGREGATION OF JESUS AND  
MARY D/B/A THE EUDISTS D/B/A  
THE EUDIST FATHERS  
744 SONRISA STREET  
SOLANA BEACH, CALIFORNIA 92705  
and

DOES 1-5 whose identities are unknown  
to Plaintiff.

Defendants.

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To the above-named Defendants:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED AND REQUIRED to serve upon the Plaintiff's attorney, at the address stated below, a written Answer to the attached Complaint.

If this Summons is served upon you within the State of New York by personal service you must respond within **TWENTY (20)** days after service, not counting the day of service. If this Summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York, you must respond within **THIRTY (30)** days after service is completed, as provided by law.

If you do not respond to the attached Complaint within the applicable time limitation stated above, a Judgment will be entered against you, by default, for the relief demanded in the Complaint, without further notice to you.

This action is brought in the County of ERIE because of:

X Plaintiff's residence; X Defendants' residences, or places of business;  
X Designation made by Plaintiff.

DATED: November 1, 2019



Brian D. Knauth, Esq.  
LOTEMPPIO P.C. LAW GROUP  
Attorneys for Plaintiff  
181 Franklin Street  
Buffalo, New York 14202  
(716) 855-3761

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK  
COUNTY OF ERIE

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RICHARD LAPORTA,

Plaintiff,

v.

**COMPLAINT – DEMAND FOR  
JURY TRIAL<sup>1</sup>**

Index No. \_\_\_\_\_

THE DIOCESE OF BUFFALO, N.Y.  
A/K/A DIOCESE OF BUFFALO,  
CARDINAL DOHERTY HIGH SCHOOL,  
CONGREGATION OF JESUS AND  
MARY D/B/A THE EUDISTS D/B/A  
THE EUDIST FATHERS and  
DOES 1-5 whose identities are unknown  
to Plaintiff,

Defendants.

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Plaintiff, by and through his attorneys, LOTEMPIO P.C. LAW GROUP, states and  
alleges as follows:

1. At all times hereinafter relevant, Plaintiff was and still is a resident of the County of Erie and the State of New York.
2. Whenever reference is made to any Defendant entity, such reference includes that entity, its parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, and successors. In addition, whenever reference is made to any act, deed or transaction of any entity, the allegation means that the entity engaged in the act, deed or transaction by or through its officers, directors, agents, employees, or representatives while they were actively engaged in the management, direction, control or transaction of the entity's business or affairs.

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<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to §4 of the New York Child Victims Act, Plaintiff is entitled to a trial preference.

3. At all times hereinafter relevant, Defendant THE DIOCESE OF BUFFALO, N.Y. A/K/A DIOCESE OF BUFFALO (“Diocese”) was and continues to be an organization or entity which includes, but is not limited to, civil corporations, decision making entities, officials, and employees, authorized to conduct business and conducting business in the State of New York with its principal place of business at 795 Main Street, Buffalo, New York 14203.

4. The Diocese of Buffalo was created in approximately 1847. Later, the Diocese created a corporation called the Diocese of Buffalo to conduct some of its affairs. The Diocese operates its affairs as both a corporate entity and as the organization known as Diocese of Buffalo. The Diocese functions as a business by engaging in numerous revenue-producing activities and soliciting money from its members in exchange for its services.

5. The Diocese has several programs that seek out the participation of children including, but not limited to, schools and other educational programs. The Diocese, through its officials, has complete control over those activities and programs involving children. The Diocese has the power to appoint, train, supervise, monitor, remove and terminate each and every person working with children within the Diocese.

6. At all times hereinafter relevant, Defendant CONGREGATION OF JESUS AND MARY a/k/a and d/b/a THE EUDISTS a/k/a and d/b/a THE EUDIST FATHERS (“Eudists”) was and continues to be a religious order of priests and brothers affiliated with the Roman Catholic Church with its United States Headquarters and principal place of business at 744 Sonrisa Street, Solana Beach, California 92705.

7. The Eudists is an organization or entity which included, but is not limited to, civil corporations, decision making entities, officials, and employees, authorized to conduct business and conducting business in the State of New York and in the Diocese of Buffalo. The provincial

is the top official of the Eudists and is given authority over all matters dealing with the Eudists as a result of his position. The Eudists function as a business by engaging in numerous revenue-producing activities and soliciting money from its members in exchange for its services.

8. At all times hereinafter relevant, Defendant CARDINAL DOUGHERTY HIGH SCHOOL ("Cardinal Dougherty") was an organization authorized to conduct business and conducting business in the State of New York, with its formal principal place of business at 665 Hertel Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14207. Upon information and belief, Cardinal Dougherty closed in 1979. Upon information and belief, the debts, liabilities, and obligations of Cardinal Dougherty became the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the Bishop of the Diocese of Buffalo. The Bishop possesses the individual responsibility for the care of each parish and school and its members located within the counties which geographically comprise the Diocese.

9. At all times hereinafter relevant, Defendant Cardinal Dougherty was under the direct authority, control, and province of Defendant Diocese and the Bishop of the Diocese of Buffalo.

10. At all times hereinafter relevant, Defendant Cardinal Dougherty was under the direct authority, control, and province of the Diocese of Buffalo, the Bishop of the Diocese of Buffalo, and the Eudists.

11. Defendants Does 1-5 are unknown agents whose identities will be provided when they become known pursuant to CPLR §1024.

### **JURISDICTION**

12. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to CPLR §301 as Defendants' principal places of business are in New York, Defendant Eudists has conducted and continues to conduct business in New York, and because the unlawful conduct complained of herein occurred in New York.

**FACTS**

13. At all times hereinafter relevant, Father James Burson, C.J.M. ("Fr. Burson") was a Roman Catholic priest, employed by the Diocese of Buffalo, Cardinal Dougherty High School, and the Eudists. Fr. Burson remained under the direct supervision, employ and control of the Defendants.

14. Defendants placed Fr. Burson in positions where he had access to and worked with children as an integral part of his work.

15. Defendants held their leaders and agents out as people of high morals, as possessing immense power, teaching families and children to obey these leaders and agents, teaching families and children to respect and revere these leaders and agents, soliciting youth and families to their programs, marketing to youth and families, recruiting youth and families, and holding out the people that worked in the programs as safe.

16. Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA attended as a student Cardinal Dougherty High School during the years 1972 through 1976, formally located at 665 Hertel Avenue, Buffalo, New York 14207, in the Diocese of Buffalo.

17. Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA and Plaintiff's family came into contact with Fr. Burson as an agent and representative of Defendants, and at Cardinal Dougherty High School.

18. Plaintiff participated in student, youth and church activities, including but not limited to the Library Club at Cardinal Dougherty High School. Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA, therefore, developed great admiration, trust, reverence, and respect for the Roman Catholic Church, including Defendants and their agents, including Fr. Burson.

19. During and through these activities, Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on Defendants and Fr. Burson. Defendants had custody of



Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff and, therefore, had responsibility for Plaintiff and authority over Plaintiff.

20. From approximately 1972 to 1976, when Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA was approximately 15 to 18 years old, Fr. Burson engaged in unpermitted sexual contact with Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA.

21. Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA's relationship to Defendants and Fr. Burson, as a vulnerable child and student, was one in which Plaintiff was subject to the ongoing influence of Defendants and Fr. Burson.

22. The culture of the Catholic Church over Plaintiff created pressure on Plaintiff not to report the abuse Plaintiff suffered to his family or to anyone at Defendant Cardinal Dougherty, or anyone at the Defendant Diocese.

23. Defendants knew or should have known that Fr. Burson was a danger to children before Fr. Burson had sexual contact with the Plaintiff.

24. Prior to the sexual abuse of the Plaintiff, Defendants learned or should have learned that Fr. Burson was not fit to work with children. Defendants, by and through their agents, servants and/or employees, became aware, or should have become aware of Fr. Burson's propensity to commit sexual abuse and have unwanted sexual contact and of the risk to Plaintiff's safety. At the very least, Defendants knew or should have known that they did not have sufficient information about whether or not their leaders and people working at Catholic institutions within the Diocese were safe.

25. Defendants knew or should have known that there was a risk of child sex abuse for children, participating in Catholic programs and activities within the Diocese. At the very least, Defendants knew or should have known that they did not have sufficient information about

whether or not there was a risk of child sex abuse for children participating in Catholic programs and activities within the Diocese.

26. Defendants knew or should have known that Defendants had numerous agents who had sexually molested children. Defendants knew or should have known that child molesters have a high rate of recidivism. Defendants knew or should have known that some of the leaders and people working in Catholic institutions within the Diocese were not safe and that there was a specific danger of child sex abuse for children participating in their youth programs and other activities in their schools, youth programs and other activities.

27. Instead, Defendants negligently deemed Fr. Burson was fit to work with children and/or that any previous problems were fixed or cured and/or that Fr. Burson would not sexually assault children and/or that Fr. Burson would not injure children.

28. Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because they had superior knowledge about the risk that Fr. Burson posed to Plaintiff, the risk of abuse in general in their programs and/or the risks that their facilities posed to minor children.

29. Defendants owed a duty to Plaintiff to protect Plaintiff from harm because Defendants' actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff. As a vulnerable child participating in the programs and activities Defendants offered to minors, Plaintiff was a foreseeable victim. As a vulnerable child who Fr. Burson had access to through Defendants' facilities and programs, Plaintiff was a foreseeable victim.

30. Defendants also breached their duty to Plaintiff by actively maintaining and employing Fr. Burson in a position of power and authority through which Fr. Burson had access to children, including Plaintiff, and power and control over children, including Plaintiff.



31. Each Defendant breached its duties to Plaintiff. Defendants failed to use ordinary care in determining whether their facilities were safe and/or determining whether they had sufficient information to represent their facilities as safe. Defendants' breach of their duties include, but are not limited to: failure to protect Plaintiff from a known danger; failure to have sufficient policies and procedure to prevent child sex abuse; failure to properly implement policies and procedures to prevent child sex abuse; failure to take reasonable measures to make sure that policies and procedure to prevent child sex abuse were working; failure to adequately inform families and children of the risks of child sex abuse; failure to investigate risks of child sex abuse; failure to properly train the employees at institutions and programs within Defendants' geographical confines; failure to train parishioners within Defendants' geographical confines about the risk of sexual abuse; failure to have any outside agency test their safety procedures; failure to protect the children in their programs from child sex abuse; failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety; failure to investigate the amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and people as safe; failure to train their employees properly to identify signs of child sexual abuse by fellow employees; failure by relying upon mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.

32. Defendants also breached their duty to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family of the risk that Fr. Burson posed and the risks of child sexual abuse in Catholic institutions. They also failed to warn them about any of the knowledge that Defendants had about child sexual abuse.

33. Defendants additionally violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected abuse of children by Fr. Burson and/or its other agents to the police and law enforcement.

34. Defendants were negligent and/or made representations to Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family during each and every year of Plaintiff's minority.

35. As a direct result of Defendants' negligence as described herein, Plaintiff has suffered, and will continue to suffer great pain of mind and body, severe and permanent emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, humiliation, physical, personal and psychological injuries. Plaintiff was prevented, and will continue to be prevented, from performing normal daily activities and obtaining the full enjoyment of life; and/or has incurred and will continue to incur expenses for psychological treatment and therapy.

**AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION:**  
**NEGLIGENCE**

36. Plaintiff incorporates all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth under this count.

37. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care to protect the Plaintiff from injury.

38. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because each Defendant had a special relationship with Plaintiff.

39. Each Defendant also had a duty arising from its special relationship with Plaintiff, Plaintiff's parents, and other parents of young, vulnerable children, to properly train and supervise its priests. The special relationship arose because of the high degree of vulnerability of the children entrusted to Defendants' care. As a result of the high degree of vulnerability and risk of sexual abuse inherent in such a special relationship, Defendants had a duty to establish

measures of protection not necessary for persons who are older or better able to safeguard themselves.

40. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because each Defendant had a special relationship with Fr. Burson.

41. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because each Defendant solicited youth and parents for participation in educational programs, youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth participate in their programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted their facilities and programs as being safe for children; held their agents, including Fr. Burson, out as safe to work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with their agents; and/or encouraged their agents, including Fr. Burson, to spend time with, interact with and recruit children.

42. By holding Fr. Burson out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking the custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, each Defendant entered into a fiduciary relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff being a minor, and by Defendants undertaking the care and guidance of the then vulnerable minor Plaintiff, each Defendant held a position of empowerment over Plaintiff.

43. Further, Defendants, by holding themselves out as being able to provide a safe environment for children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. Defendants thus entered into a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff. Defendants exploited their position of empowerment, putting Plaintiff at risk to be sexually assaulted.

44. By accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff, each Defendant established an *in loco parentis* relationship with Plaintiff and in so doing, owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from injury.

45. By establishing and/or operating the Diocese of Buffalo and Cardinal Dougherty High School and the Eudist Order of Priests, accepting the minor Plaintiff as a participant in their programs, holding their facilities and programs out to be a safe environment for Plaintiff, accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff *in loco parentis*, and by establishing a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff, each Defendant entered into an express and/or implied duty to properly supervise Plaintiff and provide a reasonably safe environment for children, who participated in their programs. Defendants also owed Plaintiff a duty to properly supervise Plaintiff to prevent harm from foreseeable dangers. Defendants had the duty to exercise the same degree of care over young students under their control as a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under similar circumstances.

46. By establishing and operating the Diocese of Buffalo and Cardinal Dougherty High School and the Eudist Order of Priests, which offered educational programs to children and which included a school, and by accepting the enrollment and participation of the minor Plaintiff as a participant in those educational programs, Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to properly supervise Plaintiff to prevent harm from generally foreseeable dangers.

47. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because Defendants invited Plaintiff onto their property and Fr. Burson posed a dangerous condition on Defendants' property.

48. Each Defendant breached its duties to Plaintiff by failing to use reasonable care. Each Defendant's failures include, but are not limited to, failing to properly supervise Fr. Burson, failing to properly supervise Plaintiff and failing to protect Plaintiff from a known danger.

49. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional, and psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering.

50. As a result of the foregoing, the Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA has been damaged by the Defendants in an amount which exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.

**AS AND FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION:**  
**NEGLIGENT TRAINING AND SUPERVISION**

51. Plaintiff incorporates all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth under this count.

52. At all times material, Fr. Burson was employed by Defendants and was under each Defendant's direct supervision, employ, and control when he committed the wrongful acts alleged herein. Fr. Burson engaged in the wrongful conduct while acting in the course and scope of his employment with Defendants and/or accomplished the sexual abuse by virtue of his job-created authority.

53. Defendants had a duty, arising from their employment of Fr. Burson, to ensure that Fr. Burson did not sexually molest children.

54. Further, Defendants had a duty to train and educate employees and administrators and establish adequate and effective policies and procedures calculated to detect, prevent, and address inappropriate behavior and conduct between clerics and children.

55. Defendants were negligent in the training, supervision, and instruction of their employees. Defendants failed to timely and properly educate, train, supervise, and/or monitor their agents or employees with regard to policies and procedures that should be followed when sexual abuse of a child is suspected or observed.



56. Defendants were additionally negligent in failing to supervise, monitor, chaperone and/or investigate Fr. Burson and/or failing to create, institute, and/or enforce rules, policies, procedures, and/or regulations to prevent Fr. Burson's sexual abuse of Plaintiff.

57. In failing to properly supervise Fr. Burson, and in failing to establish such training procedures for employees and administrators, Defendants failed to exercise the care that a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under similar circumstances.

58. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional, and psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering.

59. As a result of the foregoing, the Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA has been damaged by the Defendants in an amount which exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.

**AS AND FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION:**  
**NEGLIGENT RETENTION**

60. Plaintiff incorporates all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth under this count.

61. Defendants became aware of or should have become aware of Fr. Burson's propensity for child sexual abuse, and failed to take any further action to remedy the problem and failed to investigate or remove Fr. Burson from working with children.

62. Defendants negligently and/or recklessly retained Fr. Burson with knowledge of Fr. Burson's propensity for the type of behavior which resulted in Plaintiff's injuries in this action.

63. Defendants negligently and/or recklessly retained Fr. Burson in a position where he had access to children and could foreseeably cause harm which Plaintiff would not have been subjected to had Defendants acted reasonably.

64. In failing to timely remove Fr. Burson from working with children or terminate the employment of Fr. Burson, Defendants negligently and/or recklessly failed to exercise the degree of care that a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under similar circumstances.

65. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional, and psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering.

66. As a result of the foregoing, the Plaintiff RICHARD LAPORTA has been damaged by the Defendants in an amount which exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.

**WHEREFORE**, based on the foregoing causes of action, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants in an amount that will fully and fairly compensate Plaintiff for Plaintiff's injuries and damages, and for any other relief the Court deems appropriate. The amount of damages sought in each cause of actions in this Complaint exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.

DATED: November 1, 2019  
Buffalo, New York



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